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ALEXANDRIAN CHRONOLOGY,

FROM THE BUILDING OF THE CITY

TILL ITS CONQUEST BY THE ARABS, A. D. 640.

BY

SAMUEL SHARPE.



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ALEXANDRIAN CHRONOLOGY.

THE City of Alexandria was the residence of several eminent astronomers, whose recorded eclipses and occultations have fixed for us the dates of the reigns and other eras from which they counted their years. By means of these astronomical records the following Table of years and reigns has been for the most part formed. In each series of the Table the years follow in the simple order of the figures; but, as they were not in the several series always of the same length, they do not begin on the same new year's day, nor do they keep pace one with another. In every case the Table, if it were quite exact, should mark the day on which a year begins; but it only aims at dividing time into reigns and years; and therefore months and days have been attended to only so far as is necessary to count the years correctly. At the head of every column is written the name of the series which follows below, while in the margin are occasionally written the proofs which join one series with another. A few events simply historical have also been added in the margin.

The years before and after our era of the birth of Christ are supposed to be Julian years, or without any perceptible inaccuracy may be taken as those now in use; and they are calculated backwards from the present time. They are placed in the first column as the common scale to which all the events can be most easily referred. They begin at or near our first of January; for no such exactness is here required as to make us wish to distinguish between Julian and Gregorian years.

The years of Nabonassar king of Babylon are those by which the Babylonian and Alexandrian astronomers recorded their observations. They began in the year B. C. 747, as is determined by the observation of Venus, quoted in the margin at B. C. 272, and by the eclipse of the moon, at B. C. 174. Several

eras, or series of years, are very satisfactorily referred to the era of Nabonassar by Censorinus. In his work *De Die Natali*, cap. xxi., he writes thus:

‘ According to this calculation, unless I am mistaken, this year, of which the name is The Consulship of Ulpius and Pontianus, is the 1014th from the first Olympiad, counting from Midsummer when the Olympic games are celebrated. It is the 991st of Rome, counting from the feast of Pales, the day from which the years of the city are counted. Of the Julian years it is the 283d; but from the calends of January, which Julius Cæsar made the beginning of his reformed year. Of the Augustan years it is the 265th, also from the calends of January; although it was on the sixteenth day before the calends of February that the emperor Cæsar, the son of Divus, was declared to be Augustus by the senate and other citizens, on the motion of Munatius Plancus, when he was consul the seventh time, and Vipsanius Agrippa the third time. But the Egyptians call this year the 267th Augustan year, because they were brought under the power of Rome two years before. For among the Egyptians, as with us, some years are named on the plan of those of Nabonassar, which begin with the first year of his reign. Of the years of Nabonassar this is the 986th. So also those of Philip [Arridæus] are counted from the death of Alexander the Great to this year, which is the 562d. These years begin on the first day of the Egyptian month Thoth, which this year is the seventh before the calends of July; one hundred years ago, in the consulship of Antoninus Pius and Bruttius Præsens, the first of Thoth was the twelfth day before the calends of August, the day when in Egypt the dog-star rises heliacally.’

The Egyptian years are counted from the era of Menophres, or the twentieth of July, b. c. 1321. This was fourteen hundred and sixty natural years before the twentieth of July, a. d. 139, the day spoken of in the above quoted passage from Censorinus, when the dog-star rose heliacally in the second year of Antoninus. These years, like those of Nabonassar, contained three hundred and sixty-five days exactly; and hence this period of fourteen hundred and sixty natural years, for want of a system of leap-years, contained fourteen hundred and sixty-one civil years. This was called a Sothic or Canicular period. The era of Menophres, or beginning of the first Sothic period, is fixed by a passage of Theon, quoted in Cory’s Fragments. He says that the last year of Augustus (that is, the year before the 1st of Diocletian, or a. d. 284), is sixteen hundred

and five years from the era of Menophres. This is confirmed by the statement of Censorinus above quoted. Menophra, after whom this Egyptian era was named, was the Egyptian king Thothmosis III., who bore that prenomen. The time of the year when the first of Thoth, the new-year's day, fell, is easily calculated for every year by means of the words of Censorinus. In b. c. 1321 it was the twentieth of July. Every fourth year it became one day earlier in the season; and in a. d. 139 it was again the twentieth of July, old style. This statement of Censorinus is confirmed by the astronomers, who have all used this year and its months in recording their observations. The day on which this moveable new year's day fell is given in every second page of the Table.

The years of Alexander's death are fixed by the statement of Censorinus, and still more certainly by the astronomical observations quoted in the Table. They are Egyptian years, like those of Nabonassar and Menophres. The first year of the reign of Philip Arridæus was called the 1st year of Alexander's death.

The years of the king's reigns are all Egyptian years, beginning on the moveable first of Thoth, until the 5th year of Augustus, when that emperor introduced in Alexandria the Julian year, with the use of a leap-year. After that year the years of the emperors' reigns are Julian years, and are called Alexandrian years. They begin on the twenty-ninth of August, which was the Egyptian new-year's day, when the Julian mode of reckoning was introduced into Alexandria. The years of the reign in Egypt did not begin and end as with us on the anniversary of the accession, but on the civil new-year's day. The first year of every king's reign ended on the day before the next new-year's day, and thus it was in length less than twelve months: so also was the last year of his reign. The last year of one king, and the first year of the next king, together contained twelve months: to this rule however there are some exceptions, when the succession to the crown was not regular; as on the death of Cleopatra, and on the death of Pertinax.

The length of every reign before Augustus is taken from Porphyry's History as published in Scaliger's *Eusebius*. In several cases, a king continued to count the years from his predecessor's coming to the throne. In some cases, the series was continued through several reigns, as in the cases of Arridæus, of

Augustus, and of Diocletian. The beginning of Diocletian's reign was a little later called by the Christians the era of Martyrs, because of the persecutions which they suffered under that emperor. These years however were not counted from the year in which the persecution took place.

After the accession of Diocletian it becomes necessary to attend to the Roman method of counting the years of a reign. At Rome and Constantinople an emperor's years were counted from his first imperial consulship: this began in January after his accession. Thus Diocletian came to the throne early in A. D. 285. In Alexandria his first year ended on the twenty-eighth of August in that year. In the next January he was installed as consul, and thus his first year, according to the Roman computation, began four months after it was ended in Alexandria.

The Alexandrian coins are in most cases dated by the year of the reign in which they were struck. On those years for which such coins are now to be found in our cabinets, the Greek numerals for the date have been added to the Table in a column for that purpose: these coins often determine the length of a reign. A few foreign coins are also mentioned in the margin, when their dates help us to fix the beginning or end of a reign. The authority for the coins is Mionnet's *Medailles Antiques*.

In addition to these eras, which were more particularly Alexandrian or Egyptian, a few others are included in the Table, which bring further certainty to the dates of some of the reigns.

The era of the Seleucidæ was used in Syria; it began on the death of the young Alexander Ægus, the son of Alexander the Great. Several emperors' coins are dated by this era, which thus, while it fixes the date of one reign, is itself fixed by another reign.

In the year that Cæsar conquered Pompey at Pharsalia, some cities of Syria began a new series of dates: this was called the era of Antioch. It continued in use till Antioch was taken by the Arabs; and, while Alexandria was subject to Antioch, it was used in the Alexandrian Chronicle. There

can be very little doubt that the years of the Seleucidæ, and of Antioch, both began on the same new-year's day with the Egyptian years, till the 9th of Augustus; and after that time, with the Alexandrian new-year's day. Had there been a new-year's day among the Greeks in Syria different from that of Babylon and Alexandria, Censorinus and other writers would undoubtedly have told us of it.

The years of Rome are counted from an imagined time, when the city was supposed to be built; they were at first of very uncertain length, and had a doubtful new-year's day. But Julius Cæsar reformed the Roman calendar by the help of Egyptian science; he made the year begin on the first of January, and contain three hundred and sixty-five days and a quarter. This he arranged by giving to the ordinary year three hundred and sixty-five days, and making every fourth year a leap-year with three hundred and sixty-six days. The year of Rome 709, or A. D. 45, was the first leap-year at Rome. In the following Table the leap-years are marked with a star. The years of Rome in the Table are made to begin in January, as fixed by Julius Cæsar; not on the feast of Pales, towards the end of April, as counted by Censorinus.

The Olympiads were periods of four years each. The years began at Midsummer, being natural years guided by the seasons; and they were counted from Midsummer B. C. 776, as we learn from Censorinus in the passage before quoted.

About the time of the legal establishment of Christianity, the ecclesiastical writers date by the Indiction, a period of fifteen years. This, however, is of no great service to us, for the writers only count the years of an induction, and not the inductions themselves; and only so far distinguish them sometimes, as to describe one as Constantine's first induction. They are fixed by the Alexandrian Chronicle.

The Arabic writers date by the Hegira, or *flight* of Mahomet. The Arabic years are counted from Friday the 16th of July, A. D. 622. They contain only three hundred and fifty-four days, and thus the new-year's day very soon runs the round of the seasons.

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ALEXANDRIAN CHRONOLOGY.

ALEXANDRIAN CHRONOLOGY

FROM THE BUILDING OF THE CITY TILL ITS CONQUEST

BY THE ARABS AD. 640.

Years before Christ.	Olympiads.	of Menophra.	of Nabonassar.	of the reign.
324	114, 1			
323	2			
322	3			
321	4			
		1000	425	1 Philip Aridaeus.
		1001	426	2 (1 Ptolemy. Soter.)
		1002	427	3 (2)

Alexander died Olymp. 114. 1. (Diodorus Siculus.) Cleomenes governs Egypt. (Pausanius. 16)

Ptolemy Lieutenant to the king of Macedonia. (Diodorus.) His reign began one year after that of Aridaeus.

Years before Christ.	Olympiads.	of Rome.	of Menopha.	of Nahonassar.	of Alexander's death.	of the reign.
320		434	1003	428	4 Philip Aridaeus. (3 Ptolemy Soter.)	
319	115. 1		1004	429	5	(4)
318	2	435	1005	430	6	(5)
317	3	436	1006	431	7	(6)
316	4	437	1007	432	8	Alexander Ægus. (7 Ptolemy Soter)
315	116. 1	438	1008	433	9	(8)
314	2	439	1009	434	10	(9)
313	3	440	1010	435	11	(10)
312	4	441	1011	436	12	(11)
311	117. 1	442	1012	437	13	(12)
310	2	443	1013	438	14	(13)
309	3	444	1014	439	15	(14)
308	4	445	1015	440	16	(15)
307	118. 1	446	1016	441	17	(16)
306	2	447	1017	442	18	17
305	3	448	1018	443	19	18
304	4	449	1019	444	20	19
303	119. 1	450	1020	445	21	20
302	2	451	1021	446	22	21
301	3	452	1022	447	23	22
	4	453				11

The Egyptian year begins on the
11th Nov.

Alexander Ægus is murdered Olymp.
117. 2. (Diodorus) The Era of the Seleu-
cidæ begins.

Ptolemy takes the title of king.
(Diodorus Siculus.)

Years bef.
Christ.

Olympiads.

of Rome.

of Menophra.
of Nabonassar.

of Alexander's
death.

of the reign.

Coins.

of the
Seleucidæ.

300	120.1	454	1023	448	24	23 Ptolemy Soter.		12
299	2	455	1024	449	25	24		13
298	3	456	1025	450	26	25		14
297 ^x	4	457	1026	451	27	26		15
296	121.1	458	1027	452	28	27		16
295	2	459	1028	453	29	28		17
294	3	460	1029	454	30	29		18
293 ^x	4	461	1030	455	31	30	λ	19
292	122.1	462	1031	456	32	31	λα	20
291	2	463	1032	457	33	32	λβ	21
290	3	464	1033	458	34	33	λγ	22
289 ^x	4	465	1034	459	35	34		23
288	123.1	466	1035	460	36	35	λε	24
287	2	467	1036	461	37	36	λς	25
286	3	468	1037	462	38	37		26
285 ^x	4	469	1038	463	39	38		27
284	124.1	470	1039	464	40	39 1 Philadelphus	28	
283	2	471	1040	465	41	40 2		29
282	3	472	1041	466	42	41 3	μα	30
281 ^x	4	473	1042	467	43	42 4		31

The Egyptian year begins on
the 6th Nov.

The 39th of Soter is the 1st of
Philadelphus. (Porphyry.)

Ptolemy Soter dies.

Years before Christ.	Olympiads.	of Rome.	of Menophræ.	of Nabonassar.	of Alexander's death.	of the reign.	Coins.	of the Seleucidae.
280		474	1043	468	44	43 { Ptolemy 5 Philadelphus.	32	
279	125.1	475	1044	469	45	44 6	μ δ	33
278		476	1045	470	46	45 7		34
x 277		477	1046	471	47	46 8		35
276	126.1	478	1047	472	48	47 9		36
275		479	1048	473	49	48 10	μ η	37
274		480	1049	474	50	49 11	μ θ	38
x 273		481	1050	475	51	50 12	ν	39
272	127.1	482	1051	476	52	51 13		40
271		483	1052	477	53	52 14	ν β	41
270		484	1053	478	54	53 15	ν γ	42
x 269		485	1054	479	55	54 16	ν δ	43
268	128.1	486	1055	480	56	17		44
267		487	1056	481	57	18		45
266		488	1057	482	58	19	ι θ	46
x 265		489	1058	483	59	20	κ	47
264	129.1	490	1059	484	60	21	κ α	48
263		491	1060	485	61	22	κ β	49
262		492	1061	486	62	23	κ γ	50
x 261		493	1062	487	63	24	κ δ	51

Embassy from Rome.

The 17th day of Mesore, in the 13th of Philadelphus, the 52nd of Alexander's death & the 476th of Nabonassar, is the 12th of Oct. B.C. 272. By an observation of Venus. (Timocharis ap. Ptolemy)

Berenice dies.

Cyrene revolts.

5
Years
before Christ.

Olympiads.

of Rome.

of Menophra.

of Nahonassar.
of Alexander's
death.

of the reign.

Coins

of the Seleucidae.

260	130. - 1	494	1063	488	64	25 Ptolemy Philadelphus.		52
259	131. - 1	495	1064	489	65	26	κς	53
258	132. - 1	496	1065	490	66	27		54
257 ⁺	133. - 1	497	1066	491	67	28	κη	55
256	134. - 1	498	1067	492	68	29	κθ	56
255	135. - 1	499	1068	493	69	30		57
254	136. - 1	500	1069	494	70	31	λα	58
253 ⁺	137. - 1	501	1070	495	71	32		59
252	138. - 1	502	1071	496	72	33	λγ	60
251	139. - 1	503	1072	497	73	34		61
250	140. - 1	504	1073	498	74	35	λε	62
249 ⁺	141. - 1	505	1074	499	75	36	λς	63
248	142. - 1	506	1075	500	76	37		64
247	143. - 1	507	1076	501	77	38		65
246	144. - 1	508	1077	502	78	39 1 Ptolemy Euergetes.	λθ	66
245 ⁺	145. - 1	509	1078	503	79	2		67
244	146. - 1	510	1079	504	80	3		68
243	147. - 1	511	1080	505	81	4		69
242	148. - 1	512	1081	506	82	5		70
241 ⁺	149. - 1	513	1082	507	83	6		71

Egyptian year begins 27 Oct

Cyrene again joined to Egypt.

Ptolemy Philadelphus reigned
38 years (Porphyry)

Years before Christ	Olympiads	of Rome	of Menophra	of Nabonassar	of Alexander's death	of the reign	Coins	of the Seleucide
240		514	1083	508	84	7 Ptolemy Euergetes.		72
239	135. 1	515	1084	509	85	8		73
238	2	516	1085	510	86	9		74
237	3	517	1086	511	87	10		75
236	4	518	1087	512	88	11		76
235	136. 1	519	1088	513	89	12		77
234	2	520	1089	514	90	13		78
233	3	521	1090	515	91	14		79
232	4	522	1091	516	92	15		80
231	137. 1	523	1092	517	93	16		81
230	2	524	1093	518	94	17		82
229	3	525	1094	519	95	18		83
228	4	526	1095	520	96	19	10	84
227	138. 1	527	1096	521	97	20		85
226	2	528	1097	522	98	21		86
225	3	529	1098	523	99	22		87
224	4	530	1099	524	100	23		88
223	139. 1	531	1100	525	101	24		89
222	2	532	1101	526	102	25		90
221	3	533	1102	527	103	26 Ptolemy 1 {Philopator.		91
	4							

Embassy from Rome.

The Phenix returned in the
reign of P. Euergetes, at the end
of the third quarter of the Sothic
Period (Tacitus An. IV.)
in the year 1095, or 3×365 .

Ptolemy Euergetes reigned 25
years. (Porphyry)

7
Years bef.
Christ.

Olympiads.

of Rome.

of Menophra.

of Nabonassar.
of Alexander's
death.

of the reign.

Coins.

of the
Seleucidae.

220		534	1103	528	104	2 Ptolemy Philopator.		92
219	140. 1							
218	2	535	1104	529	105	3		93
217 ^x	3	536	1105	530	106	4		94
216	4	537	1106	531	107	5		95
215	141. 1	538	1107	532	108	6		96
214	2	539	1108	533	109	7		97
213 ^x	3	540	1109	534	110	8		98
212	4	541	1110	535	111	9		99
211	142. 1	542	1111	536	112	10		100
210	2	543	1112	537	113	11		101
209 ^x	3	544	1113	538	114	12		102
208	4	545	1114	539	115	13		103
207	143. 1	546	1115	540	116	14		104
206	2	547	1116	541	117	15		105
205 ^x	3	548	1117	542	118	16		106
204	4	549	1118	543	119	17		107
203	144. 1	550	1119	544	120	18 Ptolemy 1 Epiphanes.		108
202	2	551	1120	545	121	2		109
201 ^x	3	552	1121	546	122	3		110
	4	553	1122	547	123	4		111

The Egyptian year begins on the
17 Oct.

An embassy from Rome.

Ptolemy Epiphanes is born.

Philopator reigned 17 years.
(Porphyry.)

Judaea taken by Antiochus.

Egypt protected by Rome.
End of Second Punic war.

Years before
Christ.

200

199

198

197

196

195

194

193

192

191

190

189

188

187

186

185

184

183

182

181

Olympiads.

of Rome.

of Menophra.

of Nahonassar.

of Alexander's
death.

of the reign.

Coins.

of the
Seleucidae.

200	145 : 1	554	1123	548	124	5 Ptolemy Epiphanes.		112
199		555	1124	549	125	6		113
198		556	1125	550	126	7		114
197	x	557	1126	551	127	8		115
196		558	1127	552	128	9		116
195		559	1128	553	129	10		117
194		560	1129	554	130	11		118
193	x	561	1130	555	131	12		119
192		562	1131	556	132	13		120
191		563	1132	557	133	14		121
190		564	1133	558	134	15		122
189	x	565	1134	559	135	16		123
188		566	1135	560	136	17		124
187		567	1136	561	137	18		125
186		568	1137	562	138	19		126
185	x	569	1138	563	139	20		127
184		570	1139	564	140	21		128
183		571	1140	565	141	22		129
182		572	1141	566	142	23		130
181	x	573	1142	567	143	24		131

The Decree of the Rosetta Stone.
The king of age.

The king's marriage.

Epiphanes reigned 24 years.
(Porphyry.)

Years bef.
Christ.

Olympiads.

of Rome.

of Menophra.

of Nabonassar.
of Alexander's
death.

of the reign.

Coins.

of the
Seleucidae.

180		574	1143	568	144	25 1 Ptolemy 1 Philometor.		132
179	150.1	575	1144	569	145	2		133
178	2	576	1145	570	146	3		134
177 ^x	3	577	1146	571	147	4		135
176	4	578	1147	572	148	5		136
175	151.1	579	1148	573	149	6		137
174	2	580	1149	574	150	7		138
173 ^x	3	581	1150	575	151	8		139
172	4	582	1151	576	152	9		140
171	152.1	583	1152	577	153	10		141
170	2	584	1153	578	154	11		142
169 ^x	3	585	1154	579	155	12 Philometor. 1 Euergetes II.	β α	143
168	4	586	1155	580	156	13 2	γ β	144
167	153.1	587	1156	581	157	14 3		145
166	2	588	1157	582	158	15 4	ε δ	146
165 ^x	3	589	1158	583	159	16 5		147
164	4	590	1159	584	160	17 6		148
163	154.1	591	1160	585	161	18 P Philometor. (7)		149
162	2	592	1161	586	162	19 (8)		150
161 ^x	3	593	1162	587	163	20 (9)		151
	4							

The Egyptian year begins on
the 7th Oct.The 27th day of the 7th month of
the 7th of Philometor is the 574 of
Nabonassar was the 30th of April, 174
B.C. By an eclipse of the moon (Ptolemy)

The king declared of age.

The eclipse of the moon on the
22nd of June 168. B.C. seems to fix
the embassy of Euergetes II.
to Rome, when he was besieged
in Alexandria (Livy lib. 44.)Judea independent under
Judas Maccabæus.

Euergetes made king of Cyrene.

Year before Christ.	Olympiads.	of Rome.	of Menophra. of Nabonassar. of Alexander's death.	of the reign of the Seleucidae.	Coins.
160	155.1	594	1163 588 164	21 (10) Philometor	152
159	2	595	1164 589 165	22 (11)	153
158	3	596	1165 590 166	23 (12)	154
157 ^x	4	597	1166 591 167	24 (13)	155
156	156.1	598	1167 592 168	25 (14)	156
155	2	599	1168 593 169	26 (15)	157
154	3	600	1169 594 170	27 (16)	158
153 ^x	4	601	1170 595 171	28 (17)	159
152	157.1	602	1171 596 172	29 (18)	160
151	2	603	1172 597 173	30 (19)	161
150	3	604	1173 598 174	31 (20)	162
149 ^x	4	605	1174 599 175	32 (21)	163
148	158.1	606	1175 600 176	33 (22)	164
147	2	607	1176 601 177	34 (23)	165
146	3	608	1177 602 178	35 (24)	166
145 ^x	4	609	1178 603 179	36 25 Euergetes II	167
144	159.1	610	1179 604 180	26	168
143	2	611	1180 605 181	27	$\chi \zeta$ 169
142	3	612	1181 606 182	28	170
141 ^x	4	613	1182 607 183	29	171

The 36th year of Philometor was
the 25th of Euergetes II. (Porphyry.)

Euergetes crowned at Memphis.

11

Years
before Christ.

Olympiads

of Rome.

Years before Christ.	Olympiads	of Rome.	of Menopha.	of Nahonassar.	of Alexander's death.	of the reign of Ptolemy Euergetes II.	Coins.	of the Seleucidae.
140		614.	1183	608	184	30 Ptolemy Euergetes II.		172
139	160. 1	615	1184	609	185	31		173
138		616	1185	610	186	32		174
137	160. 2	617	1186	611	187	33		175
136		618	1187	612	188	34		176
135	161. 1	619	1188	613	189	35		177
134		620	1189	614	190	36		178
133	161. 2	621	1190	615	191	37		179
132		622	1191	616	192	38		180
131	162. 1	623	1192	617	193	39		181
130		624	1193	618	194	40		182
129	162. 2	625	1194	619	195	41		183
128		626	1195	620	196	42		184
127	163. 1	627	1196	621	197	43		185
126		628	1197	622	198	44		186
125	163. 2	629	1198	623	199	45		187
124		630	1199	624	200	46		188
123	164. 1	631	1200	625	201	47		189
122		632	1201	626	202	48		190
121	164. 2	633	1202	627	203	49		191

The Egyptian year begins 27 Sep.

Ptolemy Euergetes driven out of his kingdom.

Years before Christ.	Olympiads.	of Rome.	of Menophra.	of Nabonassar	of Alexander's death.	of the reign.	Coins.	of the Seleucidae.
120		634	1203	628	204	50 Ptolemy Euergetes II		192
119	165. 1.	635	1204	629	205	51		193
118	119	636	1205	630	206	52		194
117	117	637	1206	631	207	53		195
116	166. 1.	638	1207	632	208	54 Ptolemy Soter II 1 Cleopatra.		196
115	115	639	1208	633	209	2		197
114	114	640	1209	634	210	3		198
113	113	641	1210	635	211	4 (1)		199
112	112	642	1211	636	212	5 (2)		200
111	167. 1.	643	1212	637	213	6 (3)		201
110	110	644	1213	638	214	7 (4)		202
109	109	645	1214	639	215	8 (5)		203
108	108	646	1215	640	216	9 (6)		204
107	168. 1.	647	1216	641	217	10 (7)		205
106	106	648	1217	642	218	11 Cleopatra 8 Alexander		206
105	105	649	1218	643	219	12 9		207
104	104	650	1219	644	220	13 10		208
103	169. 1.	651	1220	645	221	14 11		209
102	102	652	1221	646	222	15 12		210
101	101	653	1222	647	223	16 13		211

Philometer and Euergetes II. together reign 64 years. (*Porphyry.*)

Ptolemy Alexander king of Cyprus. (*Porphyry.*)

The 11th year of Cleopatra was called the 8th of Alexander. (*Porphyry.*)

Anastasy's Papyrus is dated the 12th & 9th of Cleopatra & Alexander. (*apud Young.*)

13

Years before Christ.

Years before Christ.	Olympiads.	of Rome.	of Menophræ.	of Nakonassar.	of Alexander's death.	of the reign.	Coins.	of the Selencidæ.
100		654	1223	648	224	17 Cleopatra 14 Alexander		212
99	170. 1	655	1224	649	225	18 15		213
98	2	656	1225	650	226	19 16		214
97	3	657	1226	651	227	20 17		215
96	4	658	1227	652	228	21 18		216
95	171. 1	659	1228	653	229	22 19		217
94	2	660	1229	654	230	23 20		218
93	3	661	1230	655	231	24 21		219
92	4	662	1231	656	232	25 22		220
91	172. 1	663	1232	657	233	26 23		221
90	2	664	1233	658	234	27 24		222
89	3	665	1234	659	235	28 25		223
88	4	666	1235	660	236	26		224
87	173. 1	667	1236	661	237	27 30 P. Soter II.		225
86	2	668	1237	662	238	31		226
85	3	669	1238	663	239	32		227
84	4	670	1239	664	240	33		228
83	174. 1	671	1240	665	241	34		229
82	2	672	1241	666	242	35		230
81	3	673	1242	667	243	36 1 Berenice.		231
	4							

The Egyptian year begins 17 Sep.

Cyrene taken by Rome.

Cleopatra murdered

Ptolemy Soter II. counts his years
from the beginning of his former reign.

Thebes overthrown.

Ptolemy Soter II. reigned 36 years and
6 months. (Porphyry)

Years before Christ.	Olympiads.
60	
59	180. 1
58	2
57	3
56	4
55	181. 1
54	2
53	3
52	4
51	182. 1
50	2
49	3
48	4
47	183. 1
46	2
45	3
44	4
43	184. 1
42	2
41	3
	4

Years before Christ.	Olympiads.	of Rome.	of Nenphra.	of Nabonassar.	of Alexander's death.	of the reign	Coins.	of the Seleucidae.
60		694		1263	688	264	21 Neus Dionysus	252
59		695		1264	689	265	22	253
58		696		1265	690	266	23	254
57	x	697		1266	691	267	24 Cleopatra & Bérenice.	255
56		698		1267	692	268	25 2 Berenice.	256
55		699		1268	693	269	26 3 Berenice.	257
54		700		1269	694	270	27	258
53	x	701		1270	695	271	28	259
52		702		1271	696	272	29	260
51		703		1272	697	273	30 Cleopatra & Ptolemy.	261
50		704		1273	698	274	2	262
49	x	705		1274	699	275	3	263
48		706		1275	700	276	4	264 I
47		707		1276	701	277	5 Cleopatra & Ptolemy.	265 2
46		708		1277	702	278	6 2	266 3
45	x	709		1278	703	279	7 3	267 4
44		710		1279	704	280	8 4	268 5
43		711		1280	705	281	9 Cleopatra	269 6
42		712		1281	706	282	10	270 7
41	x	713		1282	707	283	11	271 8

The Egyptian year begins on the 7 Sep. OS

Neus Dionysus driven from Egypt.

Neus Dionysus replaced on the throne.

Neus Dionysus reigned 29 years. (Porphyry.)

Caesar conquered Pompey at Pharsalia in B.C. 48. The year 1 of Antioch.

The year 709 of Rome is the first Julian year. (Censorinus.) Henceforth the leap years are marked with a star. x

The 11th of Cleopatra and her son Caesaros. (Egypt. Inscript. 73)

Years b.c. Christ.	Olympiads.	of Rome.	of Menophra.	of Nahonassar.	of Alexander's death.	Of the reign.	Coins.	of Seleucidae.	of Antioch.
40		714		1283	708	284	12 Cleopatra.	272	9
39		715		1284	709	285	13	273	10
38		716		1285	710	286	14	274	11
37		717 ^x		1286	711	287	15	275	12
36		718		1287	712	288	16 1	276	13
35		719		1288	713	289	17 2	277	14
34		720		1289	714	290	18 3	278	15
33		721 ^x		1290	715	291	19 4	279	16
32		722		1291	716	292	20 5	280	17
31		723		1292	717	293	21 6	281	18
30		724		1293	718	294	22 7	282	19
29		725 ^x		1294	719	295	(1 Augustus)	283	20
28		726		1295	720	296	(2)	284	21
27		727		1296	721	297	(3)	285	22
26		728		1297	722	298	(4)	286	23
25		729 ^x		1298	723	299	(5)	287	24
24		730		1299	724	300	(6)	288	25
23		731		1300	725	301	(7)	289	26
22		732		1301	726	302	(8)	290	27
21		733 ^x		1302	727	303	9 ^x	291	28
							θ		

Cleopatra counts her years anew (*Porphyry*); Hence some cities date their coins. See Macrinus 2nd year.

Antony made consul elect the 3rd time. A coin of Cleopatra dated Damascus 280 (*Monnet*).

The battle of Actium, from which Era many Greek cities dated their coins.

Cleopatra reigned 22 years. (*Porphyry*).

A coin of Augustus is dated Damascus 283. (*Monnet*).

On the 5 Augustus the Julian year was introduced in Alexandria. (*Herodian*).

From a remark of Theon (ap. Cory) it is clear that the first leap year in Alexandria was after the 5th of Augustus.

Years bef. Christ.	Olympiads.	of Rome.	of Menophra.	of Nahonassar.	of the reign at Alexandria.	Coins.	of the Seleucidae	of Antioch.
20	190. 1	734	1303	728	304	10 Augustus.	292	29
19	191. 2	735	1304	729	305	11	293	30
18	192. 3	736	1305	730	306	12	294	31
17 x	193. 4	737	1306	731	307	13 x	295	32
16	191. 1	738	1307	732	308	14	296	33
15	192. 2	739	1308	733	309	15	297	34
14	193. 3	740	1309	734	310	16	298	35
13 x	194. 4	741	1310	735	311	17 x	299	36
12	192. 1	742	1311	736	312	18	300	37
11	193. 2	743	1312	737	313	19	301	38
10	194. 3	744	1313	738	314	20	302	39
9 x	195. 4	745	1314	739	315	21 x	303	40
8	193. 1	746	1315	740	316	22	304	41
7	194. 2	747	1316	741	317	23	305	42
6	195. 3	748	1317	742	318	24	306	43
5 x	196. 4	749	1318	743	319	25 x	307	44
4	194. 1	750	1319	744	320	26	308	45
3	195. 2	751	1320	745	321	27	309	46
2	196. 3	752	1321	746	322	28	310	47
1 x	197. 4	753	1322	747	323	29 x	311	48

of the reign
at Alexandria.

The Egyptian year begins on 28 Aug. The Alexandrian year for the future begins on the 29th August.

Herod began to rebuild the Temple. (Josephus Ant XV 11.1) More than 46 years before the Crucifixion. (See John iii, 20) Mids. BC 18.

Years of Christ.	Olympiads.	of Rome.	of Menopha.	of the reign at Alexandria.	Coins.	of Seleucidæ.	of Antioch.
1	195: 1	754	1323	30 Augustus.	λ	312	49
2	2	755	1324	31		313	50
3	3	756	1325	32		314	51
4	x	757	1326	33*		315	52
5	4	758	1327	34		316	53
6	196: 1	759	1328	35	λε	317	54
7	2	760	1329	36		318	55
8	x	761	1330	37*		319	56
9	4	762	1331	38	λη	320	57
10	197: 1	763	1332	39	λθ	321	58
11	2	764	1333	40	μ	322	59
12	x	765	1334	41*	μα	323	60
13	4	766	1335	42	μβ	324	61
14	198: 1	767	1336	43 Tiberius.	μγ	325	62
15	2	768	1337	44	2	326	63
16	x	769	1338	45*	3	327	64
17	4	770	1339	46	4	328	65
18	199: 1	771	1340	47	5	329	66
19	2	772	1341	48	6	330	67
20	x	773	1342	49*	7	331	68
	4						

The Alexandrian year
begins 29 Aug.

A coin of Augustus is
dated 325 at Damascus.
(Monnet)

Germanicus visits Egypt.

Years of Christ.	Olympiads.	of Rome.	of Menopha.	of Nabonassar.	of Alexander's death.	of Augustus.	of the reign at Alexandria.	Coins.	of the Seleucidae.	of Antioch.
21		774	1343	768	344	50	8 Tiberius		332	69
22	200. 1	775	1344	769	345	51	9		333	70
23	2	776	1345	770	346	52	10	1	334	71
24	3	777	1346	771	347	53	x 11		335	72
25	4	778	1347	772	348	54	12		336	73
26	201. 1	779	1348	773	349	55	13		337	74
27	2	780	1349	774	350	56	14	18	338	75
28	3	781	1350	775	351	57	x 15		339	76
29	4	782	1351	776	352	58	16		340	77
30	202. 1	783	1352	777	353	59	17		341	78
31	2	784	1353	778	354	60	18	17	342	79
32	3	785	1354	779	355	61	x 19		343	80
33	4	786	1355	780	356	62	20	x	344	81
34	203. 1	787	1356	781	357	63	21		345	82
35	2	788	1357	782	358	64	22		346	83
36	3	789	1358	783	359	65	x 23		347	84
37	204. 1	790	1359	784	360	66	24 1 Caligula.		348	85
38	2	791	1360	785	361	67	2		349	86
39	3	792	1361	786	362	68	3		350	87
40	4	793	1362	787	363	69	x 4		351	88

The Egyptian year begins
on the 18 Aug.

John's baptism in the Autumn of XV of Tiberius
i.e. A.D. 27 (Luke iii. 1)

The Crucifixion when the two Gemini are consuls at Rome,
(Lactantius.)
i.e. in the spring of AD 29.

Years of Christ.	Olympiads.	of Rome.	of Menopha.	of Nabonassar.	of Alexander's death.	of Augustus.	of the reign at Alexandria.	Coins.	of the Seleucæ.	of Antioch.	
41		794	1363	788	364		70	5 Caligula 1 Claudius.	α	352	89
42	205. 1	795	1364	789	365		71	2	β	353	90
43		796	1365	790	366		72	3	γ	354	91
44	x	797	1366	791	367		73	4	δ	355	92
45	206. 1	798	1367	792	368		74	5	ε	356	93
46		799	1368	793	369		75	6	ζ	357	94
47		800	1369	794	370		76	7		358	95
48	x	801	1370	795	371		77	8	η	359	96
49	207. 1	802	1371	796	372		78	9		360	97
50		803	1372	797	373		79	10	ι	361	98
51		804	1373	798	374		80	11	λ	362	99
52	x	805	1374	799	375		81	12	μ	363	100
53	208. 1	806	1375	800	376		82	13	ν	364	101
54		807	1376	801	377		83	14	δ	365	102
55		808	1377	802	378		84	15 1 Nero	α	366	103
56	x	809	1378	803	379		85	2	β	367	104
57	209. 1	810	1379	804	380		86	3	γ	368	105
58		811	1380	805	381		87	4	δ	369	106
59		812	1381	806	382		88	5	ε	370	107
60	x	813	1382	807	383		89	6	ζ	371	108

The Alexandrian year
begins 29 Aug.

The Phenix brought to
the Secular games in the
year 800 of Rome. (Aure-
lius Victor) Pliny places
this 11 and Tacitus 13 years
earlier.

Years of Christ.	Olympiads.	of Rome	of Menophra.	of Nabonassar	of Alexander's death.	of Augustus.	of the reign at Alexandria.	Coins.	of Seleucidae.	of Antioch.
61		814	1383	808	384	90	γ Nero.	ζ	372	109
62	210. 1	815	1384	809	385	91	8	η	373	110
63	2	816	1385	810	386	92	9	θ	374	111
64	3	817	1386	811	387	93*	10	ι	375	112
65	4	818	1387	812	388	94	11	ια	376	113
66	211. 1	819	1388	813	389	95	12	ιβ	377	114
67	2	820	1389	814	390	96	13	ιγ	378	115
68	3	821	1390	815	391	97*	14 1 Galba.	ιδ α	379	116
69	4	822	1391	816	392	98	15 1 Otho 1 Vitellius 1 Vespasian	ιε α α	380	117
70	212. 1	823	1392	817	393	99	2	ι	381	118
71	2	824	1393	818	394	100	3	γ	382	119
72	3	825	1394	819	395	101*	4	δ	383	120
73	4	826	1395	820	396	102	5	ε	384	121
74	213. 1	827	1396	821	397	103	6	ζ	385	122
75	2	828	1397	822	398	104	7	ζ	386	123
76	3	829	1398	823	399	105*	8	η	387	124
77	4	830	1399	824	400	106	9	θ	388	125
78	214. 1	831	1400	825	401	107	10	ι	389	126
79	2	832	1401	826	402	108	11 1 Titus.	α	390	127
80	3	833	1402	827	403	109*	2	ι	391	128
	4									

The Egyptian year
begins 8 Aug.

A coin of Nero is dated
Tripolis 379. (Monnet)

A coin of Galba is dated
117 of Antioch. (Monnet)

The Temple of Jerusalem
destroyed 7 Sep. within 42
years after the Crucifixion
(Origen *Contr. Celsum*) i.e.
A.D. 70.

Years of Christ.	Olympiads.	of Rome.	of Nenophræ.	of Nabonassar.	of Alexander's death.	of Augustus.	of the reign at Alexandria.	Coins.	of the Seleucidae.	of Antioch.
81		834	1403	828	404	110	3 Titus.	γ	392	129
82	215. 1	835	1404	829	405	111	4 1 Domitian.	δ α	393	130
83	2	836	1405	830	406	112	2	β	394	131
84 ^x	3	837	1406	831	407	113 ^x	3	γ	395	132
85	4	838	1407	832	408	114	4	δ	396	133
86	216. 1	839	1408	833	409	115	5	ε	397	134
87	2	840	1409	834	410	116	6	Ϛ	398	135
88 ^x	3	841	1410	835	411	117 ^x	7	Ϛ	399	136
89	4	842	1411	836	412	118	8	Ϟ	400	137
90	217. 1	843	1412	837	413	119	9	Ϙ	401	138
91	2	844	1413	838	414	120	10	ϙ	402	139
92 ^x	3	845	1414	839	415	121 ^x	11	ϙα	403	140
93	4	846	1415	840	416	122	12	ϙβ	404	141
94	218. 1	847	1416	841	417	123	13	ϙγ	405	142
95	2	848	1417	842	418	124	14	ϙδ	406	143
96 ^x	3	849	1418	843	419	125 ^x	15	ϙε	407	144
97	4	850	1419	844	420	126	16 1 Nerva.	ϙϚ ϙα	408	145
98	219. 1	851	1420	845	421	127	17 1 Trajan.	ϙϙ	409	146
99	2	852	1421	846	422	128	18	ϙβ	410	147
100 ^x	3	853	1422	847	423	129 ^x	19	ϙγ	411	148
	4									

The Alexandrian year
begins 29 Aug.

The Egyptian coins re-
markably numerous.

The 2nd day of Tybi in the
the 12th of Domitian or the
840th of Nabonassar is
the 2nd Dec. O.S. of the year
92, by an occultation
of the Pleiades. (Ptolemy)

Years
of Christ.

Olympiads.

of Rome.

of Menophra.

of Nabonassar.
of Alexander's
death.

of Augustus.

Reign at
Alexandria

Coins.

of Seleucidae.
of Antioch.

101	220. 1	854	1423	848	424	180	4 Trajan.	5	412	149
102	2	855	1424	849	425	131	5	6	413	150
103	3	856	1425	850	426	132	6	7	414	151
104	4	857	1426	851	427	133	7	8	415	152
105	221. 1	858	1427	852	428	134	8	9	416	153
106	2	859	1428	853	429	135	9	10	417	154
107	3	860	1429	854	430	136	10	11	418	155
108	4	861	1430	855	431	137	11	12	419	156
109	222. 1	862	1431	856	432	138	12	13	420	157
110	2	863	1432	857	433	139	13	14	421	158
111	3	864	1433	858	434	140	14	15	422	159
112	4	865	1434	859	435	141	15	16	423	160
113	223. 1	866	1435	860	436	142	16	17	424	161
114	2	867	1436	861	437	143	17	18	425	162
115	3	868	1437	862	438	144	18	19	426	163
116	4	869	1438	863	439	145	19	20	427	164
117	224. 1	870	1439	864	440	146	20 1 Hadrian.	21	428	165
118	2	871	1440	865	441	147	2	22	429	166
119	3	872	1441	866	442	148	3	23	430	167
120	4	873	1442	867	443	149	4	24	431	168

The Egyptian year begins
29 July

The Egyptian coins remarkably numerous.

Rebellion of the Jews.

A coin of Hadrian at Tripolis
is dated 428 (Monnet).

Years of Christ.	Olympiads.	of Rome.	of Menophra.	of Nabonassar.	of Alexander's death.	of the reign at Alexandria.	of Augustus	Coins.	of the Seleucidae.	of Antioch.
121		874		1443	868	444	150	5 Hadrian.	€	432 169
122	225. 1	875		1444	869	445	151	6	ς	433 170
123	2	876		1445	870	446	152	7	ς	434 171
124	x	877	x	1446	871	447	153	8	γ	435 172
125	3	878		1447	872	448	154	9	θ	436 173
126	4	879		1448	873	449	155	10	ι	437 174
127	226. 1	880		1449	874	450	156	11	ια	438 175
128	x	881	x	1450	875	451	157	12	ιβ	439 176
129	4	882		1451	876	452	158	13	ιγ	440 177
130	227. 1	883		1452	877	453	159	14	ιδ	441 178
131	2	884		1453	878	454	160	15	ιε	442 179
132	x	885	x	1454	879	455	161	16	ις	443 180
133	4	886		1455	880	456	162	17	ιζ	444 181
134	228. 1	887		1456	881	457	163	18	ιη	445 182
135	2	888		1457	882	458	164	19	ιθ	446 183
136	x	889	x	1458	883	459	165	20	ιχ	447 184
137	4	890		1459	884	460	166	21	ια	448 185
138	229. 1	891		1460	885	461	167	22	ιβ	
139	2	892		1461	886	462	168	1 Antoninus.	α	449 186
140	x	893	x	1	887	463	169	2	β	450 187
	3							γ	451	188
	4									

The Alexandrian year begins 20 Aug.

Hadrian visits Egypt.

The Egyptian coins remarkably numerous.

Hadrian visits Egypt.

The 17th of Hadrian is the 162nd of Augustus. (Ptolemy)

The 13th day of Athyr in the 20th year of Hadrian is the 2nd of Oct 135 by an eclipse of the moon. (Ptolemy)

By an Horoscope in Young's Hieroglyphics the 18th day of Tybi in the 1st year of Antoninus is the 4th Dec 137.

The 3rd year of Antoninus is 463 of Alexander's death. (Ptolemy)

Years of Christ.	Olympiads.	of Rome.	of the New Sothic Period.	of Nabonassar.	of Alexander's death.	of Augustus.	of the reign at Alexandria.	Coins.	of the Seleucidae	of Antioch.
141		894	2	888	464	170	4 Antoninus	δ	452	189
142	230: 1	895	3	889	465	171	5	ε	453	190
143		896	4	890	466	172	6	Ϛ	454	191
144		897	5	891	467	173	7	ϟ	455	192
145		898	6	892	468	174	8	ϟ	456	193
146	231: 1	899	7	893	469	175	9	ϙ	457	194
147		900	8	894	470	176	10	ϙ	458	195
148		901	9	895	471	177	11	ϙ	459	196
149	232: 1	902	10	896	472	178	12	ϙ	460	197
150		903	11	897	473	179	13	ϙ	461	198
151		904	12	898	474	180	14	ϙ	462	199
152		905	13	899	475	181	15	ϙ	463	200
153		906	14	900	476	182	16	ϙ	464	201
154	233: 1	907	15	901	477	183	17	ϙ	465	202
155		908	16	902	478	184	18	ϙ	466	203
156		909	17	903	479	185	19	ϙ	467	204
157		910	18	904	480	186	20	ϙ	468	205
158	234: 1	911	19	905	481	187	21	ϙ	469	206
159		912	20	906	482	188	22	ϙ	470	207
160		913	21	907	483	189	23	ϙ	471	208

Egyptian year begins 19 July.

During his first eight years
the coins bear Astronomical
emblems.

Years of Christ.	Olympiads.	of Rome.	of the New Sothic Period	of Nabonassar.	of the reign at Alexandria.	Coins.	of the Seleucidae.	of Antioch.
161	235.1	914	22	908	484			
162	235.2	915	23	909	485			
163	235.3	916	24	910	486			
164	235.4	917	25	911	487			
165	236.1	918	26	912	488			
166	236.2	919	27	913	489			
167	236.3	920	28	914	490			
168	236.4	921	29	915	491			
169	237.1	922	30	916	492			
170	237.2	923	31	917	493			
171	237.3	924	32	918	494			
172	237.4	925	33	919	495			
173	238.1	926	34	920	496			
174	238.2	927	35	921	497			
175	238.3	928	36	922	498			
176	238.4	929	37	923	499			
177	239.1	930	38	924	500			
178	239.2	931	39	925	501			
179	239.3	932	40	926	502			
180	239.4	933	41	927	503			

The Alexandrian year
begins 29 Aug.

Probably the year of the re.
bellion of the native soldiers.

Avidius Cassius rebels.

Years of Christ.	Olympiads.	of Rome.	of the New Sothic Period.	of Nabonassar.	of Alexander's death.	of Augustus.	of the reign at Alexandria.	Coins.	of the Seleucidae.	of Antioch.
181	240.1	934	42	928	504	210	20 Aurelius. 1 Commodus.	$\pi\alpha$	492	229
182	240.2	935	43	929	505	211	21 2	$\pi\alpha\beta$	493	230
183	240.3	936	44	930	506	212	22 3	$\pi\beta$	494	231
184 ^x	240.4	937 ^x	45	931	507	213 ^x	23 4	$\pi\gamma\delta$	495	232
185	241.1	938	46	932	508	214	24 5	$\pi\delta$	496	233
186	241.2	939	47	933	509	215	25 6	$\pi\epsilon$	497	234
187	241.3	940	48	934	510	216	26 7	$\pi\zeta$	498	235
188 ^x	241.4	941 ^x	49	935	511	217 ^x	27 8	$\pi\zeta\eta$	499	236
189	242.1	942	50	936	512	218	28 9	$\pi\eta\theta$	500	237
190	242.2	943	51	937	513	219	29 10	$\pi\theta$	501	238
191	242.3	944	52	938	514	220	30 11	$\lambda\alpha$	502	239
192 ^x	242.4	945 ^x	53	939	515	221 ^x	31 12	$\lambda\alpha$	503	240
193	243.1	946	54	940	516	222	32 13	$\lambda\beta$	504	241
194	243.2	947	55	941	517	223 ^x	33 14 1 Pertinax.	$\lambda\gamma$	505	242
195	243.3	948	56	942	518	224	Pescennius. Niger.		506	243
196 ^x	243.4	949 ^x	57	943	519	225 ^x	2 Severus.	β	507	244
197	244.1	950	58	944	520	226	3	γ	508	245
198	244.2	951	59	945	521	227	4	δ	509	246
199	244.3	952	60	946	522	228	5	ϵ	510	247
200 ^x	244.4	953 ^x	61	947	523	229 ^x	6		511	248

The Egyptian year begins on the 9 of July.
A coin of Aurelius is dated Antioch 229. (Mimnel)

The years of Severus are counted from the death of Pertinax.

Years of Christ.	Olympiads.	of Rome.	of the New Sothic Period.	of Nabonassar.	of Alexander's Death.	of Augustus.	of the Reign at Alexandria.	Coins.	of the Seleucidae.	of Antioch.
201		954	62	948	524	230	7 Severus		512	249
202	245.1	955	63	949	525	231	8	η	513	250
203	2	956	64	950	526	232	9		514	251
204	3	957	65	951	527	233*	10		515	252
205	4	958	66	952	528	234	11		516	253
206	246.1	959	67	953	529	235	12	ιβ	517	254
207	2	960	68	954	530	236	13	ιγ	518	255
208	3	961	69	955	531	237*	14	ιδ	519	256
209	4	962	70	956	532	238	15		520	257
210	247.1	963	71	957	533	239	16		521	258
211	2	964	72	958	534	240	17			
212	3	965	73	959	535	241*	1 Caracalla	α	522	259
213	4	966	74	960	536	242	18			
214	248.1	967	75	961	537	243	19			
215	2	968	76	962	538	244	20			
216	3	969	77	963	539	245*	21			
217	4	970	78	964	540	246	22			
218	249.1	971	79	965	541	247	23			
219	2	972	80	966	542	248	24			
220	3	973	81	967	543	249*	25			
	4									

The Alexandrian year
begins 29 Aug.

Persecution of the
Christians.

A coin of Caracalla is
dated Eunisus 528 (Mionnet)

A coin of Macrinus is dated
Leucas 254 & one Gordianus
Pius Aug 274 (Mionnet)
(dating from the 16 of Cleopatra)

Years of Christ.	Olympiads.	of Rome.	of the New Sothic Period.	of Nabonassar.	of Alexander's Death.	of Augustus.	of the Reign at Alexandria.	Coins.	of the Seleucidae.	of Antioch.
221	250. 1	974	82	968	544	250	4 Elagabalus.	δ	532	269
222		975	83	969	545	251	5 1 Alexander.	ε	533	270
223	2	976	84	970	546	252	2	β	534	271
224	3	977	85	971	547	253*	3	γ	535	272
225	4	978	86	972	548	254	4	δ	536	273
226	251. 1	979	87	973	549	255	5	ε	537	274
227	2	980	88	974	550	256	6	ζ	538	275
228	3	981	89	975	551	257*	7	ζ	539	276
229	4	982	90	976	552	258	8	η	540	277
230	252. 1	983	91	977	553	259	9	θ	541	278
231	2	984	92	978	554	260	10	ι	542	279
232	3	985	93	979	555	261*	11	ια	543	280
233	4	986	94	980	556	262	12	ιβ	544	281
234	253. 1	987	95	981	557	263	13	ιγ	545	282
235	2	988	96	982	558	264	14 1 Maximinus.	ιδ α	546	283
236	3	989	97	983	559	265	2	β	547	284
237	4	990	98	984	560	266	11 Gordian S. J. 3 Maximinus.	α α γ	548	285
238	254. 1	991	99	985	561	267	4 11 Balbinus P. 1 Gordianus Pius	δ α α α	549	286
239	2	992	100	986	562	268	2	β	550	287
240	3	993	101	987	563	269*	3	γ	551	288

The Egyptian year
begins 29 June.

Coins of Elagabalus are
dated Tripolis 531, 532, 533.
(Mammet)

Balbinus & Pupienus ap-
point Gordianus Pius to be
Caesar at Rome about the
time of a total eclipse of
the sun. (Capitolinus)
i.e. 12 April 237.

Balbinus & Pupienus
slain at the Capitoline
Games (Herodian) i.e.
991 of Rome. (Concordia)

Years of Christ.	Olympiads.	of Rome.	of the New Sothic Period.	of the reign at Alexandria	Coins.	of Antioch.
241	255. 1	994	102	270	4 Gordianus Pius	δ 289
242	2	995	103	271	5	ε 290
243	3	996	104	272	6 1 Philip	Ϛ α 291
244	4	997	105	273	7 Gordianus 2 Philip Pius	Ϛ β 292
245	256. 1	998	106	274	3	γ 293
246	2	999	107	275	4	δ 294
247	3	1000	108	276	5	ε 295
248	4	1001	109	277	6	Ϛ 296
249	257. 1	1002	110	278	7 1 Decius	Ϛ α 297
250	2	1003	111	279	2	β 298
251	3	1004	112	280	3 1 Gallus	γ α 299
252	4	1005	113	281	2	β 300
253	258. 1	1006	114	282	3 1 Val. Gallienus 1 A. E. ^{Emil.} ianus	γ α 301
254	2	1007	115	283	2 2 Valerianus Gallienus	β β 302
255	3	1008	116	284	3	γ 303
256	4	1009	117	285	4	δ 304
257	259. 1	1010	118	286	5	ε 305
258	2	1011	119	287	6	Ϛ 306
259	3	1012	120	288	7	Ϛ 307
260	4	1013	121	289	8	η 308

The Alexandrian year begins 29 Aug

Persecution of the Christians.

Macrinus and his sons emperors
in Alexandria.

Years of Christ	Olympiads	of Rome.	of the New Sothic Period	of Augustus.	of the reign at Alexandria.	Coins	of Antioch.
261		1014		122			
262	260-1	1015	123				
263		1016	124				
264	x	1017	125				
265		1018	126				
266	261-1	1019	127				
267		1020	128				
268	x	1021	129				
269		1022	130				
270	262-1	1023	131				
271		1024	132				
272	x	1025	133				
273		1026	134				
274	263-1	1027	135				
275		1028	136				
276	x	1029	137				
277		1030	138				
278	264-1	1031	139				
279		1032	140				
280	x	1033	141				
				290	9 Gallienus.	9	309
				291	10	6	310
				292	11	12	311
				293	12	13	312
				294	13	14	313
				295	14	15	314
				296	15	16	315
				297	16	17	316
				1 Claudius.	18	19	
				298	2	20	317
				299	3 Quintillus.	21	318
					1 Aurelian.	22	
					4 Zenobia.	23	
				300	5 Vabalathus.	24	319
					2 Aurelian.	25	
				301	5 Firmus.	26	320
					1 Aurelian.	27	
				302	2 Domitianus.	28	321
					3 Aurelian.	29	
				303	5 Severina.	30	322
					6 Severina.	31	
				304	6 Severina.	32	323
					7 Severina.	33	
				305	1 Tacitus.	34	324
					1 Probus.	35	
				306	2	36	325
				307		37	326
				308	4	38	327
				309	5	39	328

Egyptian year begins 19 June.

Zenobia claims Egypt and Syria.

Vabalathus the son of Zenobia reigns in Syria and Egypt.

Domitianus rebels

The widow of Aurelian reigns.

Years of Christ.	Olympiads.	of Rome.	of the New Sothic Period.	of Antioch.	of Indiction.	of Augustus. at Alexandria.	Coins.
281	265 1	1034	142	329	14	310	6 Probus
282		1035	143	330	15	311	7
283		1036	144	331	1	312	8 1 Carus & Carinus.
284	2	1037	145	332	2	313	2
285	266 1	1038	146	333	3		3 1 Diocletian
286	2	1039	147	334	4		β
287	3	1040	148	335	5		1
288	4	1041	149	336	6	4 *	2
289	267 1	1042	150	337	7	5	3
290	2	1043	151	338	8	6	4
291	3	1044	152	339	9	7	5
292	4	1045	153	340	10	8 *	6
293	268 1	1046	154	341	11	9	7
294	2	1047	155	342	12	10	8
295	3	1048	156	343	13	11	9
296	4	1049	157	344	14	12 *	10
297	269 1	1050	158	345	15	13	11
298	2	1051	159	346	1	14	12
299	3	1052	160	347	2	15	13
300	4	1053	161	348	3	16 *	14

The Alexandrian year
begins 29 Aug.

The last year of Augustus
or year before the first of
Diocletian is 1605 Julian years
from the beginning of the Era
of Menophra. (*Theon apud Cory*)
Thus $1460 + 145 = 1605$, or one
whole Sothic period added to
part of the New S. period.

Diocletian's Imperial consul-
ship began in Jan. in the 4th
year of Indiction.

Egypt rebels.

The rebellion put down.

Alexandria rebels and is
taken by the Emperor.

Years of Christ.	of Rome.	of Antioch.	of Indiction.	of the reign in Alexandria.	after Installation.
301	1054	349	4	17 Diocletian	16
302	1055	350	5	18	17
303	1056	351	6	19	18
^x 304	1057	352	7	20 ^x	19
305	1058	353	8	21	20
306	1059	354	9	22	Constantine 1
307	1060	355	10	23	2
^x 308	1061	356	11	24 ^x	3
309	1062	357	12	25	4
310	1063	358	13	26	5
311	1064	359	14	27	6
^x 312	1065	360	15	28 ^x	7
313	1066	361	1	29	8
314	1067	362	2	30	9
315	1068	363	3	31	10
^x 316	1069	364	4	32 ^x	11
317	1070	365	5	33	12
318	1071	366	6	34	13
319	1072	367	7	35	14
^x 320	1073	368	8	36 ^x	15

Persecution of the Christians.

Galerius governs Egypt as Cæsar.

Maximin governs Egypt as Cæsar.

Licinius governs Egypt. The beginning of the Constantine Indictions.

Years of Christ.	Years of Rome.	of Antioch.	of Indiction.	of Diocletian after Installation	
321	1074	369	9	37	Constantine 16
322	1075	370	10	38	
323	1076	371	11	39	
324	1077	372	12	40	
325	1078	373	13	41	Constantine sole emperor.
326	1079	374	14	42	
327	1080	375	15	43	
328	1081	376	1	44	The council of Nice
329	1082	377	2	45	
330	1083	378	3	46	
331	1084	379	4	47	
332	1085	380	5	48	Constantinople founded.
333	1086	381	6	49	
334	1087	382	7	50	
335	1088	383	8	51	
336	1089	384	9	52	
337	1090	385	10	53	Constantine died on the day of Pentecost, the 22 May (Alex. Chron.) i.e. A.D. 337.
338	1091	386	11	54	Constantius 1
339	1092	387	12	55	
340	1093	388	13	56	

Years of Christ.	of Rome.	of Antioch.	of Indiction.	of Diocletian.	after Installation.
341	1094	389	14	57	Constantius 4
342	1095	390	15	58	5
343	1096	391	1	59	6
344	1097	392	2	60*	7
345	1098	393	3	61	8
346	1099	394	4	62	9
347	1100	395	5	63	10
348	1101	396	6	64*	11
349	1102	397	7	65	12
350	1103	398	8	66	13
351	1104	399	9	67	14
352	1105	400	10	68*	15
353	1106	401	11	69	16
354	1107	402	12	70	17
355	1108	403	13	71	18
356	1109	404	14	72*	19
357	1110	405	15	73	20
358	1111	406	1	74	21
359	1112	407	2	75	22
360	1113	408	3	76*	23

Felix temporum reparatio, and the return
of the Phenix, on the coins at the beginning
of the 12th century in Rome.

Athanasius banished.

Years of Christ.	of Antioch.	of Indiction.	of Diocletian	After Installation
361	409	4	77	
362	410	5	78	
363	411	6	79	
364	412	7	80 ^x	
365	413	8	81	
366	414	9	82	
367	415	10	83	
368 ^x	416	11	84 ^x	
369	417	12	85	
370	418	13	86	
371	419	14	87	
372 ^x	420	15	88 ^x	
373	421	1	89	
374	422	2	90	
375	423	3	91	
376 ^x	424	4	92 ^x	
377	425	5	93	
378	426	6	94	
379	427	7	95	
380 ^x	428	8	96 ^x	Theodosius 2

Alexandrian year begins 29 Aug.

Constantius died 7 Nov. 5 Indiction, 410 of Antioch
(*Alex. Chron.*)

The 81 of Diocletian began in Aug. 364 by an eclipse
of the moon. (*Theon*)
Valentinian emperor of the west.

Christianity established by law.

The Eastern & Western Empires united.

Years of Christ.	of Antioch.	of Indiction.	of Diocletian.	after Installation.
381	429	9	97	Theodosius ³
382	430	10	98	4
383	431	11	99	5
384	432	12	100 ^x	6
385	433	13	101	7
386	434	14	102	8
387	435	15	103	9
388 ^x	436	1	104 ^x	10
389	437	2	105	11
390	438	3	106	12
391	439	4	107	13
392 ^x	440	5	108 ^x	14
393	441	6	109	15
394	442	7	110	16
395	443	8	111	Arcadius 1
396 ^x	444	9	112 ^x	2
397	445	10	113	3
398	446	11	114	4
399	447	12	115	5
400 ^x	448	13	116 ^x	6

Honorius emperor of the West.

Years of Christ.	of Antioch.	of Indiction.	Years after Installation.
401	449	14	117
402	450	15	118
403	451	1	119
404	452	2	120*
405	453	3	121
406	454	4	122
407	455	5	123
408	456	6	124*
409	457	7	125
410	458	8	126
411	459	9	127
412	460	10	128*
413	461	11	129
414	462	12	130
415	463	13	131
416	464	14	132*
417	465	15	133
418	466	1	134
419	467	2	135
420*	468	3	136*

The Alexandrian year begins 29 Aug.

On the 14th Cal. Aug. at the 8th hour, in the 10th year of Theodosius, the sun was eclipsed. (Alex. Chron.) i.e. A.D. 418, 19 July O.S.

Years of Christ.	of Antioch.	of Indiction.	of Diocletian	after Installation
421	469	4	137	Theodosius Junior 13
422	470	5	138	14
423	471	6	139	15
424 ^x	472	7	140 ^x	16
425	473	8	141	17
426	474	9	142	18
427	475	10	143	19
428 ^x	476	11	144 ^x	20
429	477	12	145	21
430	478	13	146	22
431	479	14	147	23
432 ^x	480	15	148 ^x	24
433	481	1	149	25
434	482	2	150	26
435	483	3	151	27
435 ^x	484	4	152 ^x	28
437	485.	5	153	29
438	486	6	154	30
439	487	7	155	31
440 ^x	488	8	156 ^x	32

Years of
Christ.of Antioch.
of Indiction.

of Diocletian.

after
Installation.

441	489	9	157
442	490	10	158
443	491	11	159
444 ^x	492	12	160 ^x
445	493	13	161
446	494	14	162
447	495	15	163
448 ^x	496	1	164 ^x
449	497	2	165
450	498	3	166
451	499	4	167
452 ^x	500	5	168 ^x
453	501	6	169
454	502	7	170
455	503	8	171
456 ^x	504	9	172 ^x
457	505	10	173
458	506	11	174
459	507	12	175
460 ^x	508	13	176 ^x

Theodosius Junior	33
	34
	35
	36
	37
	38
	39
	40
	41
	42
Marcian	1
	2
	3
	4
	5
	6
	7
Leo	1
	2
	3

The Alexandrian year begins on the 29th ~~Sept.~~ Aug.Pulcheria died in the 3rd year of Marcian in
the 501st of Antioch. (Alexand. Chron.)

Years of Christ.	after Installation		
	of Antioch	of Indiction	of Diocletian
461	509	14	177
462	510	15	178
463	511	1	179
464 ⁺	512	2	180 ⁺
465	513	3	181
466	514	4	182
467	515	5	183
468 ⁺	516	6	184 ⁺
469	517	7	185
470	518	8	186
471	519	9	187
472 ⁺	520	10	188 ⁺
473	521	11	189
474	522	12	190
475	523	13	191
476 ⁺	524	14	192 ⁺
477	525	15	193
478	526	1	194
479	527	2	195
480 ⁺	528	3	196 ⁺

Leo	4
	5
	6
	7
	8
	9
	10
	11
	12
	13
	14
	15
	16
Leo Jun.	1
Zeno	1
	2
	3
	4
	5
	6

Years of Christ.	of Antioch.	of Indiction.	of Diocletian.
481	529	4	197
482	530	5	198
483	531	6	199
484	532	7	200 ^x
485	533	8	201
486	534	9	202
487	535	10	203
488	536	11	204 ^x
489	537	12	205
490	538	13	206
491	539	14	207
492	540	15	208 ^x
493	541	1	209
494	542	2	210
495	543	3	211
496	544	4	212 ^x
497	545	5	213
498	546	6	214
499	547	7	215
500 ^x	548	8	216

after
Installation.

The Alexandrian year begins on the 20th ~~Sep~~ Aug.

Zeno	7
	8
	9
	10
	11
	12
	13
	14
	15
	16
	17
Anastasius I	
	2
	3
	4
	5
	6
	7
	8
	9

Years of Christ.	of Antioch.	of Indiction.	of Diocletian.	after Installation.
501	549	9	217	Anastasius 10
502	550	10	218	11
503	551	11	219	12
504 ^x	552	12	220	13
505	553	13	221	14
506	554	14	222	15
507	555	15	223	16
508 ^x	556	1	224	17
509	557	2	225	18
510	558	3	226	19
511	559	4	227	20
512 ^x	560	5	228	21
513	561	6	229	22
514	562	7	230	23
515	563	8	231	24
516 ^x	564	9	232	25
517	565	10	233	26
518	566	11	234	27
519	567	12	235	Justin 1
520 ^x	568	13	236	2

Anastasius died in the year 566 at Antioch.
(Alex. Chron.)

Years of Christ .	of Antioch .	of Indiction .	of Diocletian	after Installation .
521	569	14	237	
522	570	15	238	
523	571	1	239	
+ 524	572	2	240	
525	573	3	241	
526	574	4	242	
527	575	5	243	
+ 528	576	6	244	
529	577	7	245	
530	578	8	246	
531	579	9	247	
+ 532	580	10	248	
533	581	11	249	
534	582	12	250	
535	583	13	251	
+ 536	584	14	252	
537	585	15	253	
538	586	1	254	
539	587	2	255	
+ 540	588	3	256	

The Alexandrian year begins on the 29 Aug.

Justinian was associated to the purple in the 5th Indiction, the year 575 of Antioch, Justin died in the same year. (Alex. Chron.)

In the 10th Indiction and the 5th of Justinian, the 17th of January was a Saturday. (Alex. Chron.) i.e. A.D. 532.

Antioch taken by the Persians.

Years of Christ.	of Diocletian.		Years after Installation.
	of Indiction.	of Indiction.	
541	257	4	Justinian 14
542	258	5	15
543	259	6	16
544 ^x	260 ^x	7	17
545	261	8	18
546	262	9	19
547	263	10	20
548 ^x	264 ^x	11	21
549	265	12	22
550	266	13	23
551	267	14	24
552 ^x	268 ^x	15	25
553	269	1	26
554	270	2	27
555	271	3	28
556 ^x	272 ^x	4	29
557	273	5	30
558	274	6	31
559	275	7	32
560 ^x	276 ^x	8	33

Years of Christ.	of Diocletian.	Years after Installation.
561	277	9
562	278	10
563	279	11
564 ^x	280 ^x	12
565	281	13
566	282	14
567	283	15
568 ^x	284 ^x	1
569	285	2
570	286	3
571	287	4
572 ^x	288 ^x	5
573	289	6
574	290	7
575	291	8
576 ^x	292 ^x	9
577	293	10
578	294	11
579	295	12
580 ^x	296 ^x	13

The Alexandrian year begins on the 20th of August.

Justinian
Tiberius.

Justin
Junior.

Tiberius.

Years of Christ.	of Indiction.		of Diocletian.	after Installation.
	14	297		
581				Tiberius. 3
582	15	298		4
583	1	299		Mauricius. 1
584 ⁺	2	300 ⁺		2
585	3	301		3
586	4	302		4
587	5	303		5
588 ⁺	6	304 ⁺		6
589	7	305		7
590	8	306		8
591	9	307		9
592 ⁺	10	308 ⁺		10
593	11	309		11
594	12	310		12
595	13	311		13
596 ⁺	14	312 ⁺		14
597	15	313		15
598	1	314		16
599	2	315		17
600 ⁺	3	316 ⁺		18

Years of Christ.	of Indiction.	of Diocletian.	after Installation.
601	4	317	Mauricius 19
602	5	318	20
603	6	319	Phocas 1
604 ^x	7	320 ^x	2
605	8	321	3
606	9	322	4
607	10	323	5
608	11	324 ^x	6
609	12	325	7
610	13	326	8
611	14	327	Heraclius 1
612	15	328 ^x	2
613	1	329	3
614	2	330	4
615	3	331	5
616 ^x	4	332 ^x	6
617	5	333	7
618	6	334	8
619	7	335	9
620 ^x	8	336 ^x	10

The Alexandrian year begins on the 20th of August.

In the 20th year of Mauricius, the 23rd of November fell upon a Friday. (*Alex. Chron.*) i.e. A.D. 602.

In the 6th year of Heraclius, in the 4th year of Indiction, the first of March fell on a Monday. (*Alex. Chron.*) i.e. A.D. 616.

Years of Christ.	of Indiction.	of Diocletian.	after Installation.	of the Hegira.
621	9	337	Heraclius 11	
622	10	338		1
623	11	339		2
624 ^x	12	340		3
625	13			4
626	14	342		5
627	15	343		6
628 ^x	1	344		7
629	2	345		8
630	3	346		9
631	4	347		10
632 ^x	5	348		11
633	6	349		12
634	7	350		13
635	8	351		14
636 ^x	9	352		15
637	10	353		16
638	11	354		17
639	12	355		18
640 ^x	13	356		19
			Heraclius 11	

The Alexandrian year begins on the 29th ^{Aug} Sep

The Mahometan years of the Hegira began in the 338th year of Diocletian, (Eutychius.) in the 12 of Heraclius. (Theophanes.) They contain 354 days each.

The last year of the Alexandrian Chronicle.

Alexandria was taken on the first day of the 20th Hegira, (Eutychii Annales.) in the year 357 of Martys (Chronicon Orient.) i.e. 22 Dec. AD. 640.



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